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Fine Job Work.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY

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No. 9

U. S. PLANS GOOD ROADS IN STATE

Will Write Gov. McCreary
Soon.

Law Provides Also For Aid By
Local People If They
Desire.

Washington, Sept. 9.—The Federal Government will soon undertake, with the co-operation of local municipalities, a unique experiment in road building in Kentucky. This experimental work is made possible by a provision in the Postoffice Appropriation Bill which passed Congress at the close of the recent session setting aside \$50,000 to be expended by the Secretary of Agriculture, in co-operation with the Postmaster General, "in improving the condition of roads to be selected by them over which rural delivery is, or may hereafter be, established."

Acting with the approval of Secretary Wilson and Postmaster General Hitchcock Logan W. Page, director of the Office of Public Roads of the Department of Agriculture, already has begun to map out a plan for distributing the appropriation, which will embody the policy that eventually will control all disbursements.

In the first place the Office of Public Roads will allocate \$5,000 to each State in the union, reserving about \$2,000 for future maintenance in each State. It is believed that \$5,000 will enable each State to put in first-class condition perhaps two post roads, or to improve one rural delivery road properly. The routes to be experimented with will be selected by the local authorities.

A letter will be sent to Gov. McCreary informing him that a certain sum, probably \$5,000 immediately available for the improvement of post roads in Kentucky, under this new legislation, and it is expected that the Governor, after consultation with the highway authorities, will select the routes to be treated and notify the director of the Office of Public Roads in Washington what has been done.

This plan has been devised because it is believed that it will avoid involving the Government in the politics of making selections and will relieve Senators and Representatives from much pulling and hauling.

The utilization of this governmental benefaction is not without conditions, however. To avail themselves of the Government money, the States must appropriate twice the sum allowed by the Government.

In other words, should the general policy of Federal co-operation in road building be carried out, every State would be able to increase its own appropriation 50 per cent, through Federal aid.

The law provides that the local money may be provided either by a State or by "the local subdivision thereof." This means that the money may be raised by counties and that the Government may deal with county authorities.

The Secretary of Agriculture and the Postmaster General are directed by the act to report to Congress within one year "the number of miles of road improved, the cost of same and such other information as they may have acquired, together with such other information as shall seem wise, for providing a general plan of national aid for the improvement of post roads in co-operation with the State and county, and for bringing about, as near as possible, such co-operation among the various States as will insure uniformity and equitable inter-State and highway regulation and for providing necessary funds for carrying out such plans of national aid if it shall be deemed feasible to provide the same or any part thereof otherwise than by appropriation from the treasury for that purpose."

Director Page is opposed to the Federal Government entering upon plans to build great trunk systems of highways.

"It is much better, I believe," he said, "that the States should treat their roadbuilding as a local problem. The first consideration is the development of agriculture and commerce, the second, the carrying of the mails, and the third, which need now hardly be considered, the national defense."

"If the States are encouraged to develop their roads according to their own needs an interstate system of high-

ways will naturally develop and, for the time being the matter of trunk lines can be permitted to take care of itself.

It is important, of course, to enter to the automobile, but that is not the item of first importance. We must show the farmer and the merchant that we can increase the value of their property and their business by means of good roads and this we must do where the farmer lives. Starting in this way, a general system will develop, but it is important that we should begin at the right end.

We must be conservative and careful and the public must not expect too much for the Government could easily be bankrupt by building roads. It would cost \$22,000,000 to duplicate the existing road mileage in the United States and \$1,500,000,000 to maintain these roads. It would cost \$175,000,000 a year merely to perpetuate the existing road with wearing caps. So you can see that, although the Federal Government might be extremely generous, in time the States and counties must do their share or the Government would have no money left to spend for anything else but roads."

Goods Arriving.

The fall and winter goods that have recently been brought by the merchants who have been to market are arriving daily and are being put in place so they may be ready for sale when the weather gets a little cooler. The merchants have bought very largely with the expectation of a heavy trade.

SOUTHERN METHODIST TO HOLD CONFERENCE

About 200 Ministers to Attend
And Bishops McCoy Will
Probably Preside.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Sept. 10.—Methodists all over the western half of Kentucky, including Louisville, are beginning to look forward to the annual meeting of the Louisville conference that will be held this year at Morgantown, Sept. 25-30. Always the chief feature of these annual meetings is the assignment of preachers for the ensuing year.

Changes of preachers can be made at any time, and they frequently are for various reasons, but one of the fixed laws of the church is that no pastor shall remain in charge of a congregation longer than four years in succession. This will cause the changing of twenty odd pastors this time, but nearly all of these are among the smaller churches. There are no presiding elders slated for change and the uncertainty that always prevails on this subject is not so great this time as usual. It is reported that a change will be made in one of the strongest Louisville churches, on account of the failing health of the present pastor requiring him to give up the work.

It is not yet absolutely certain what bishop will preside over the conference this time. It had been announced that Bishop Collins Denny would preside, but recently Bishop E. E. Hoss has been in such poor health that his physicians have advised him not to hold any conference and this will necessitate a change in the assignment of the other bishops and it now seems probable that Bishop James H. McCoy will be sent to Morgantown.

For three or four days prior to the formal meeting of the conference the officers and committees will be in Morgantown perfecting details so that everything will be in readiness for prompt consideration and dispatch of the business.

There will be about two hundred preachers in attendance and nearly as many delegates and visitors. All those with proper credentials will be given free entertainment in the homes of the hospitable citizens of Morgantown and already the list of assignments to homes has been sent out. The Morgantown people are making extensive preparations for the enjoyment of the conference.

For Sale.

A new upright, high grade piano for sale or will exchange for land. Terms of sale to suit purchaser.

Also a one horse Grocers' Del. Wagon, for sale cheap. Good as new.

A. B. WEDDING,
Dundee, Ky.

FISHER LEANING TOWARD COLONEL

Secretary of Interior Said
to be Progressive.

Has Gone to Hawaii and Will
Not Return in Time to
Make Speeches.

Washington, Sept. 6.—Disaffection in President Taft's Cabinet over the third party movement and Roosevelt, as the latest startling development, in politics. A story is in circulation that Secretary of the Interior Walter Fisher has been impaled on the horns of the Bull Moose. The word that Secretary Fisher had Roosevelt leanings broke out first in high official society and came to the ears of a prominent Administration official. Mr. Fisher had not committed any grave act of hostility to the Administration and couldn't very well be punished for his leanings toward the Progressive party.

Besides, if a row should be kicked up about it and Mr. Fisher hauled over the coals and thereupon should resign, that would be a worse kind of fish than ever.

At the same time it is noticeable that Mr. Fisher has had most urgent business in Hawaii. It is said he wanted to get there so bad that when he got to San Francisco he broke over the law that forbids carrying of Americans between the mainland and Hawaii on American vessels, and had to pay a fine for doing it.

He will be gone for some weeks, will not get back until next month and when he does the fight will be so near over that it will be too late to do much in the way of getting Progressives converted and inducing them to walk up to the mourners' bench and pledge themselves to keep the old guard faithful.

Mr. Fisher before his appointment to the cabinet, had a wide reputation for progressivism in Chicago and his home State of Illinois. He was put into the Interior Department to succeed Ballinger because the Ballinger tenure had left a bad taste in the mouths of the Progressives. Since then he has not laid aside his progressivism.

He has advocated progressive policies as regards Alaska, and has been progressive on questions affecting the public domain generally. About four months ago he made a speech in favor of the initiative and referendum. That speech was good reading for the Progressives, but it fell like a wet blanket over the administration crowd in Washington.

Since then it may be mere coincidence—Mr. Fisher has been kept out of the speech-making business.

Mr. Fisher is not the only one of the cabinet who incline strongly to the Roosevelt side. Postmaster General Hitchcock is looked on as not hostile to Roosevelt. He is devoting himself religiously to the business of the Postoffice Department and is giving it a good administration, while apparently jettisoning politics severely alone.

Secretary of the Navy Meyer, it is said has strong Roosevelt leanings. In fact, aside from Attorney General, Wickersham, Secretary of War Simmons and Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, the President is getting practically no political help from his cabinet.

Bird Skaggs Sentenced.

Leitchfield, Ky., Sept. 6.—Bird Skaggs was convicted in the Grayson circuit court of breaking into a store at Ready, this county, a few months ago, and will go to the penitentiary, under a life sentence. Skaggs has already served three terms in the penitentiary. He is now forty-eight years old, and has spent half his life in confinement in the state prison. He was sentenced two years ago by Gov. Cox while serving a life sentence.

To Be Smaller.

Word has gone out that the ladies hats are to be smaller this fall and winter than they have been for several years. For this we are thankful, hoping that the cost thereof shall be reduced and furthermore that we won't have to sit behind so much millinery when we go to church or any other public place.

BEST SELLER IN THE WORLD

Over Three Million Bibles
Sold.

Printed in Many Languages And
Distributed in Foreign
Land.

When the American Bible Society in New York City sent out word the other day that it was shipping "seven tons of Bibles" it told but a half truth. In reality it was shipping nearer twelve tons in this particular consignment, and this is not considered an extraordinary achievement. There is in the window of the Bible house a facsimile of a boat that carried twenty tons of Bibles up the Yangtze river, 250 miles from the China sea.

The society long ago passed the million Bibles a year record, and the shipping dock of the building at Fourth Avenue and Eighth Street will before long lose its title of "The Door of a Million Bibles," for the output of the society for the year ending April 1, 1912 amounted to 3,231,732 volumes.

All of these Bibles were sent out of this one door. The society prints in various lands, as well as in various languages. Many of the Bibles translated in Asia are printed and bound in the country where they are to be distributed; the Philippine Bibles are printed in Japan; but the Bibles going to Africa, Europe and India are printed and bound there. To be exact, 1,339,533 volumes were printed here and distributed during the past year through its door. For its approaching centenary in 1915 the society confidently expects to have reached the output of 100,000,000 Bibles.

The recording secretary of the society Henry Otis Dwight, was a busy man when asked about those seven tons of Bibles. There was news from Gorra and Coney Island to be attended to by him from Gibraltar and Georgia; from India and Illinois. New translations and revisions were being made—in Spanish, Portuguese and Spanish, Kurdish, Tamil and Zulu; for the Paravian, the Abyssinian and the Turk. New methods of distribution were being tried; new projects proposed for quicker and more efficacious promulgation of the Scriptures; new pastures were ready for the talking and old ones were to be revived. All these matters called for more or less attention at headquarters.

Bibles were being strapped on the backs of mules and camels, trundled over mountains and carried across seas; there were Bibles for black people and brown, yellow and white; there were portions of the Bible that sold for 2 cents and volumes that brought \$25; there were some to be given away and some to be sold; there were Bibles for palaces and prisons; Bibles for the clear eye and for the blind; for the soldier and sailor; for the pastor in the pulpit and for the child in the school.

There are more Bibles for every one, more ways of getting them, of printing them and of shipping them to their destination than ever before. The three great Bible societies of the world—the British and Foreign, the American and the Scottish—are printing, binding and distributing twenty Bibles every minute of the day, every day in the year, and all the world is crying, "More, more!" The Bible is the best seller the world has ever known.—New York Sun.

RED HILL.

Sept. 7.—People in this vicinity are busy cutting tobacco this fine weather.

Mrs. Maile Smith of Hinton, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Potts of this place Friday.

Miss Lizzie Burton and Mr. Robert Schroeder, of this place attended the ice cream supper at Sulphur Springs last Saturday night.

Misses Marie and Iva Harris, of this place attended Sunday School at McGraw last Sunday afternoon.

Mr. W. M. Potts and daughter Maggie, attended the Home Coming of Mt. Vernon church last Saturday.

Mrs. Iva Rozanth and three children, James, Lorena and Oscar Walker, visited Mrs. Will Acton last Sunday.

Miss Lizzie Burton visited Mrs. Bob Acton, of Sulphur Springs last Saturday night.

The Ice Cream Supper given at our

School house last Saturday night, Aug. 30, was highly enjoyed and a large crowd was present.

Master Roy Burton the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Doc Burton is very sick. Mr. Hume Payson, Osgan, was in our midst last Thursday.

Mr. Chas. Snel of Bowling Green is visiting friends and relatives of this place.

To Greet Progressives.

Pikeville, Ky., Sept. 7.—Pikeville will entertain thousands of visitors next Monday when James R. Garfield of Chicago, and Gen. John H. McDowell, of Tennessee, will speak in the interests of the Progressive party.

Eastern Kentucky is coming with Progressivism, and nowhere is it stronger than in Pike County where former leaders of the Republican party are among the leaders of the new party.

It was in Pikeville, in a house yet standing, that the martyred President Garfield was sworn in as a Brigadier General in the Civil War, and Pikeville citizens will give his son a rousing reception. Gen. McDowell is a former Democrat and made an address at the Progressive convention in Chicago.

Notice.

The Hartford Magisterial District A. S. of K. will meet at Chapman School house Saturday, Sept. 21st, at 10 o'clock a. m. This is an important matter. See to it that your local is represented.

G. P. JONES, Chm'n.
BYRON BEAN Sec.

KILLS HIS FATHER TO SAVE MOTHER

Youth Fatally Wounds Parent
When He Discovers Him
About to Shoot Mate.

Paintsville, Ky., Sept. 7.—Nap Picklesheimer, a prominent farmer was shot and killed by his son Orel Picklesheimer at his home in Vona early this morning. It is said they had trouble for some time over family matters.

Mrs. Picklesheimer, the boy's mother went to the barn to help milk and her husband followed her. A quarrel arose between them and Orel who was upstairs in his room heard his mother scream and cry "don't shoot."

The boy immediately grabbed a shotgun and when he arrived on the scene found his father with a revolver in the act of shooting her. It is said Orel shot, hitting his father in the face. Part of the charge struck his mother, who was slightly injured.

The injured man died in about an hour after the shooting occurred.

Neighbors telephoned the news to Paintsville and immediately Sheriff Henry Ward, and Jailer Vanhook went after young Picklesheimer, returning about noon and lodging him in the Paintsville jail. It is the opinion of many persons, he will be cleared.

Wilson Tries to Mislead the Farmers.

Prof. Wilson says: "The American farmer has never been protected," and "has never needed to be protected," and his grains have sold at prices established in foreign markets." The Professor should be careful not to say that in any farming community in the West the delegations of farmers who went to Washington to protest against the Canadian so-called "reciprocity" agreement demonstrated beyond dispute that the prices they received for their hard-earned wheat and other products were often above the Liverpool prices and always above those on the Canadian side of the line. But Prof. Wilson says that is not true. No well-informed farmer would accept what he says on this point.

Rural Carriers Get Raise.

Under authority conferred by the post-office appropriation bill, Postmaster General Hitchcock has increased the salary of rural route carriers from \$1.00 to \$1.10 a year, on standard routes thus affecting 20,000 men. The order will become effective September 30.

This will mean an annual disbursement of \$1,000,000. It is the second advance in the salaries of rural route carriers in the last four years.

The increase provides rural carriers adequate compensation for additional burdens imposed by the postal system effective January 1.

COW BOY HERBALIST

Charley White-Moon Meets
Tragic Death.

Spoke Once After His Fall Which
Followed Stroke of Apoplexy.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 7.—Charles W. Buncie, better known as Charley White-Moon, the cowboy herbalist, fell on the stairs at his medicine house, adjoining his residence, 331 West Broadway, at 9:30 o'clock today, and died about five minutes later. It is thought that he was dazed by the heat and that in attempting to climb the stairs at a gallop, as was his custom, he experienced a rush of blood to the head, which caused him to lose consciousness and topple backward. Dr. Fort, who was called in, said death resulted from apoplexy.

The news of the accident spread quickly over the neighborhood, and within a half hour hundreds of people had gathered at the residence to express their sorrow at his tragic end.

At the time the day visitors piled at the steps to express their sorrow over the death of White-Moon. Two police were kept stationed at the doors in front of the house, while Secretary Cottner remained the entire day in the office answering questions and receiving visitors. Mrs. Buncie was distressed and Dr. Fort, who attended her, refused to allow her to see the stream of people who called at the steps. Words of consolation were received from people in all walks of life.

Frank Cottner, Mr. Buncie's secretary, said his employer passed through his office, and greeted him with a cheerful good morning, and proceeded to ascend the stairs. As he neared the top of the stairs he apparently stumbled and fell backward. He rolled to the bottom of the stairs, where his lay moaning.

"Lift me up," he appealed to Mr. Cottner. These were his last words. Mr. Cottner raised him to a sitting posture, and could see that Buncie was trying to speak. He could not make a sound, however, and his body rapidly became rigid. Death ensued within a few minutes.

Mr. Cottner said that Mr. Buncie had not been complaining, but is of the opinion that his disease resulted from the heat. A physician was hurriedly summoned, but Buncie was dead when he arrived.

Charley White-Moon came to Louisville about four years ago, and for a time sold medicine from a wagon on street corners and vacant lots. He always dressed in the attire of a cowboy, and his picturesque appearance caused much comment about the city. His business prospered, and a year or so later he bought a lot at 371 West Broadway, where he erected a bungalow and separate house, which he used as his laboratory. He began to advertise his medicine and soon built up a business of tremendous proportions.

Pastors Given Assignment.

Bourbonville, Ky., Sept. 9.—Assignments of Methodist pastors for next year were announced today by Bishop Thirkield as follows:

LOUISVILLE DISTRICT.

District Superintendent—O. T. Hogan.
Arlington—Charles Mitchell.
Beaver Dam—W. R. Hunt.
Bowling Green—T. M. Davis.
Bowling Green—R. W. Huntsman.
Deer Lick—William Hogan.
Burlington—S. M. Currier.
Graham—J. H. Embury.
Hankinsburg—E. L. Shepperd.
Hickory Grove—J. B. Jones.
Leitchfield—F. L. Crook.
Louisville—Trinity, Dr. Monroe Taylor.
Louisville—Epworth, T. M. Anderson.
Louisville—Wesley, J. W. Campbell.
Munion Creek—T. R. Obion.
Monticello—Thomas Waters.
Mumfordsville—Lloyd Logsdon.
No Creek—Eli Westley.
Onton—W. R. Harper.
Owensboro—D. P. Hallsoway.
Paducah—J. N. Reid.
Scottsville—S. H. Hunt.
Sommerville—John Hunt.
Tampkinsville—To be supplied.
Zion—S. B. Wandip.

Improved Educational Conditions From an Investment Standpoint

By JOHN B. M'FERRAN, Chairman Educational Committee, Louisville Commercial Club

STUDYING the educational situation in the state, I am more and more impressed with the absolute necessity for a radical change in our viewpoint concerning the subject. We have been viewing the schools rather as a necessary evil, an expense to be kept at the minimum of cost. The logical result has been largely attained—cheap houses, cheap grounds, cheap equipment and in too many cases cheap teachers, cheap trustees, cheap county boards and cheap county superintendents.

In fact, so long has this policy prevailed that we have dwarfed everything pertaining to our schools, even our educators, and most of all ourselves, the average citizens. The whole outfit is a cheap and inadequate thing for the twentieth century. OUR SLIPSHOD AND CHAOTIC SYSTEM, IF SYSTEM IT CAN BE CALLED, POSSIBLY ANSWERED FAIRLY WELL THE NEEDS OF FORTY OR FIFTY YEARS AGO, but everything else has moved tremendously within that time and moved with the greatest celerity and momentum.

With our schools here in Kentucky we have practically stood still, trusting to luck or some other mysterious power to supplement our indifference and neglect. Not so with other more prosperous and progressive states, fully recognizing the value and importance of their children. With enlightened zeal and intelligence their tendency has been to crowd all the money into their schools that could be judiciously used, looking upon it as a wise, businesslike proposition, a most profitable investment, and so it has proved, states younger and no more favorably situated, with really inferior natural resources, surpassing us in material wealth two and three fold.

BEFORE WE CAN MAKE THE NEEDED AND DESIRED PROGRESS WE MUST GET THE VIEWPOINT THAT IT IS NOT ONLY OUR HIGH AND HOLY DUTY, BUT MOST PROFITABLE, TO SEE OUR CHILDREN AND THEIR SCHOOLS FROM THE INVESTMENT SIDE AND PROVIDE GENEROUSLY THE FINANCIAL AID THAT IS IMPERATIVELY NEEDED.

Furthermore, we must awaken out of our apathy and see that this money is used to the best advantage and not frittered away by incompetence or graft. We have been furnishing two and a half to three million dollars per annum for our schools for a number of years. What number of citizens have at any time taken the slightest interest to know how this money was being expended? There seems to have been great waste. WE HAVE ALLOWED THE INTEREST OF OUR CHILDREN TO DRIFT INTO POLITICS AND INTO CONFUSION. IT IS HIGH TIME TO CORRECT THIS.

BUILDING MODERN SKY-SCRAPER

Electric Power Modern Intervention for Building

A Complete Telephone System is Employed in Directing the Work of Hoisting.

Our latest sky-scraper not only defies the lightning, but actually uses the electric "fluid" to lift itself skyward. All the work not done by hand on the great Woolworth building in New York is accomplished by electric power. The structure, when finished, will be fifty-five stories tall, 750 feet, eclipsing both the famous Singer and Metropolitan towers and ranking next to the Eiffel tower as the tallest thing ever reared by the hand of man. A worker in The Edison Monthly (New York, May) tells us that, in the construction of this sky-scraper, electrically is lifting no less than 120,000 tons of steel, brick and stone, some of it to the full height of 750 feet above the sidewalk. Six, eight, and ten-ton trucks are required to haul the giant girders from the docks of the building; there they are fastened to a slender cable and hoisted to their position at the top of the structure. In the completed skeleton will be 2,500 tons of steel, while to cover it will be required 50,000 tons of brick, 7,500 tons of which are stored in the basement for the exterior. Says the worker, in part:

"To hoist the steel and get it in place are six derricks driven by eighty-horsepower motors. Four of these followed the course of construction to the twenty-sixth floor, the limit of the building proper, after which two proceeded with the tower work as far as the fortieth floor, from which one of the derricks kept pace with the work.

The hoisting-engines and motors are seldom moved. They remain several floors below the working through the structure from the drums to the block and tackle on the hoisting-structure itself. A telephone system supplemented by pull-bee signals is employed by the operators in directing the work. For the management of the derrick and

entirely on signal, just as the engineer of an ocean liner drives his ship entirely by the bells from the bridge. Only in the erection of a modern sky-scraper the bridge is seldom more than a plank extending over the edge of the floor, while the lookout, instead of being in the crow's nest at the masthead, rides through space on the free-swinging glider. The work of the hoist is by no means completed with the safe delivery of the steel at the top floor; it must all be fitted together, and so skilled have the workers become, and so expert are they with their signals, that the beams are guided into place with little friction and loss of energy.

"Although steel-hoisting is thrilling, and to a certain degree picturesque, as it is watched daily by thousands from the City Hall Park and the Postoffice, it is far from being the heaviest part of the work. Seventeen million brick, weighing 42,500 tons, and 7,500 tons of terra-cotta are also used, but they are carried to the bricklayers in portable wheelbarrows, and an everyday hoist-hoist. Six of the hoists are operated by forty-horsepower motors and four by fifty-horsepower motors.

"Cement and concrete are mixed in the basement, the machines, four in number, being operated by fifteen-horsepower motors. A plumbing system is necessary, and temporary pipes lead to hydrants, two fifteen-horsepower pumps keeping the water in circulation. Another motor of fifty-horsepower pumps sub-water and back-ages out of the basement.

"There are two compressors placed on the work: one for the steam rivets and drills and the other for shooting cement. Seventy-five horsepower are required for the riveters, and all day long their gaudy-guns resound is heard. The electrical inspection amounts to about 1,200 horsepower in motors, 20 are hoists, and about 2,500 horsepower pumps. A force of six electricians is kept constantly busy looking after the wiring."—Ed.

Glorious News

comes from Dr. J. T. Curtis, Dwight, Kan. He writes: "I not only have cured bad cases of eczema in my patients with Electric Bitters, but also cured myself by them of the same disease. I feel sure they will benefit anyone of eczema." This shows what thousands have proved, that Electric Bitters is a most effective blood purifier. It is an excellent remedy for eczema, tetter, salt rheum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion, builds up the strength. Price 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by all druggists.

WHY MEN DESERT THEIR FAMILIES

Result of Interesting Inquiry.

Made by National Conference of Jewish Charities--Lack of Work Plays Part.

A man who deserted his family used to be considered more unfortunate than criminal by the courts, says the New York Times. This feeling was based upon the belief that the deserter ran away, not to get rid of his family, but to find better means of caring for them, and that eventually he would come back prosperous, and there would be a family reunion, a feast, and great rejoicing. But the National Conference of Jewish Charities made an investigation of the matter and the report of the special committee destroyed the sentimental conclusions that had been current.

This report made it plain that the lack of employment played only a subordinate part in the desertions. In the large majority of cases the deserter evaded his moral and legal responsibilities because he preferred to provide for someone else; or because he found the home atmosphere distasteful. In order to correct this condition it was necessary to have the law changed so that a deserter would be guilty of a felony and not a misdemeanor. In 1905 such an amendment to the law was made. Child abandonment was the cause. But even this advance in the way of social betterment did not change the temper of the courts, that still seem to think that if a man wanted to run away from his family it was largely his own private business.

Then the Committee on Descriptions of the Jewish Charities resolved to appoint a special committee of five to consider the whole matter, to prepare uniform forms for investigation and report, and to invite suggestions for remedies. A Deserter Bureau was established. Just what this bureau has accomplished, the many difficulties that beset its path, and just how each was overcome until the present wonderful system was established, is going a long story to be told here. But here is a glance at the results.

Of the large number of cases of desertions handled by Secretary Goldstein of the bureau, the work in two out of every three has been successful in finding the runaway and compelling him to contribute to the support of his family or in punishing him for his conduct. Among these cases were several involving intricate legal features, which required careful work by the attorneys. Some of the runaways had added to their sin by securing fraudulent divorces in distant cities. Nearly all of these divorces were set aside, and in other cases, where divorce suits were pending, the bureau had them dismissed.

The number of complaints received by the bureau for the year just closed was only 39, as against 141 the year before. It is believed that the continuation of the work and the strict enforcement of the penal laws will reduce desertion to a minimum, and will stimulate non-Jewish and public charities throughout the country to adopt similar measures. The Comptroller of this city is about to submit a report to the Board of Estimate, comparing recommendations to the end that public dependency may be diminished.

The report prepared by the Comptroller says that the National Conference of Jewish Charities has effectively pointed out a way to reduce the number of destitute children. Then it says:

"A most effective instrument devised by the bureau for locating deserters is a novel publicity plan. Each Sunday, in four of the largest Jewish papers in the United States and Canada, there is published a gallery of missing husbands, consisting of photographs of deserters, with a general description of the men and their families. Communications containing similar descriptions are sent to various sources of possible information, societies, employers, etc. By reason of January 1 and June 1, 1911, 157 cases were referred to the bureau. Of these 89 husbands, or 57 per cent of the total, have been located. In some cases reconciliations between the deserters and their wives were effected. In other cases arrangements for support were made. In other cases criminal proceedings have been instituted."

The Comptroller then says that the bureau estimates the loss to this city from desertion at not less than \$100,000 annually, and heads that the bureau believes that if similar methods were adopted by the city a large percentage of deserters would be apprehended and brought back to support their families. Then the Comptroller says:

"With modifications of the laws,

anywhere suggested in this report the city of New York should promptly undertake similar methods for all cases of abandonment and desertions which are reported to it through the Children's Bureau. Vigorous following up of deserting husbands, judicious efforts to effect reconciliations, and effective prosecution of cases which are hopelessly recalcitrant, will not only relieve the city of the care of a large number of children, who are now thrown upon its bounty by the criminal abandonment of fathers, but will discourage future desertion and consequent application for the commitment of children.

"The Domestic Relations Bureau in the Department of Charities and the Domestic Relations Courts have been established to execute a program of this character. As yet, however, their work in discouraging abandonment through vigorous prosecution and apprehension of deserting husbands has not attained maximum effectiveness."

The cost to the city in looking after impoverished children deserted by their fathers, which is estimated at \$100,000, is a great deal less than the financial burden that falls upon public and private charities in the State. In this city the public and private charities spend \$50,000 in this cause, and reports from various cities show that from 15 to 20 per cent of dependency is due to desertions of this kind. But the Hebrew Charities believe that the financial question should be subordinated to the larger and more vital aspects of the situation.

The report of Secretary M. Goldstein is voluminous. It tells first of the methods adopted to trace the runaways. Cordial appreciation of the services of the five leading Jewish newspapers is expressed. One of these newspapers is in this city, another in Chicago, one in Cleveland, and two in Canada. Photographs of the runaways are furnished and printed, with detailed descriptions of the missing men. At the outset the newspapers printed the pictures and descriptions for charity's sake, but it is pleasant to record that the work has yielded all of them a good profit. Their readers like to read the record. The fact that 561 deserters out of 572 were found and brought back to their families or punished is sufficient proof that the method has proved successful.

Here is a table showing the causes that lead to desertion by fathers of families:

Not stated or unknown	31-72
Another woman	120
General bad habits	47
Woman's immorality	3
Another man	3-14
Incompatibility of temper (General)	134
Influence of relatives	17
Motivatory marriage	12
Disparity in ages	2
Religious differences	4-109
Lack of employment	131
Man's illness	15-116
Laziness, shiftlessness, etc.	30
Woman's illness	6

Total 561
Of these 561 cases, reconciliation was effected in 181, arrangements for support were made in 145, there were 29 arrests, 31 were left to the applicants to dispose of, and of the others 32 are pending, and the remaining have been settled in various ways. The other 281 cases, to make up the grand total of 562 have not been found. In the prosecution of this work the bureau confronts many strange phases of life. Here are two sample cases which are culled from the report:

"It was being the father of a pair of twins that caused the appearance of Mr. K. at the Domestic Relations Court in this city. 'Twins are no joke,' he said. 'These pairs are too much of a full house. It ain't a fine thing to exercise by walking all night with one baby, but when you get two, then you know why there are so many single there was Manny and Addie; they howled sweetly from 11 to 1 o'clock, and then rested. Next came Sammy and Belle, who did their turn; they howled a little, but I put up with it; but when the new babies arrived, 33 male and 33 female, such a noise! I spend half my money buying milk and crackers for these two sets, and I get nothing but a concert every night and a lot of talk from my jealous wife.'"

The other case reads:

"The husband's refusal or neglect to provide for his wife, when due to physical weakness, is inexcusable. One such case was that of a couple who had been married 12 years. The man was a widower with four children, none of whom was a wage earner. He left, leaving his dependents behind, thus compelling his wife to go to work in order to maintain them, or otherwise have them committed to an Orphan Asylum. The applicant was courageous. Weak, unskilled, unemploying, through sheer loyalty and a sense of duty, this little woman was willing to shelter and educate her children."

If you know of the real value of Chamberlain's Liniment for lame back, soreness of the muscles, sprains and rheumatic pains, you would never wish to be without it. For sale by all dealers.

FOR THE WOMAN WHO THINKS AND FEELS.

Some women complain that they periodically suffer from dull and heavy feelings, or dizziness in the head, nervousness, pain and bearing-down feelings which should not occur to the normal healthy woman. But most every woman is subject to these pains at some time in her life, due to abnormal conditions in life, such as over-exertion, over-tired strength, bad air, poor or improper food, wet feet, sluggish liver, etc. A regulator and female tonic made from native medicinal roots with pure glycerin, and without the use of alcohol, called

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION, has proven its value in thousands of cases, like the following:



Mrs. DORA M. MARTIN, of Auburn, N.Y., Route 1, Box 84, writes: "I thought I would write you in regard to what your medicines have done for me. I have used them for thirty years for female troubles and general weakness with the very best results, and they have saved me hundreds of dollars in doctors' bills. I buy the 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery' and take them together. I never was disappointed in your remedies and take pleasure in recommending them to every suffering lady. I am now about fifty years old; at forty-five I took your medicines, both kinds, and I passed that period very easily and left me fat and healthy. I feel like a young girl."

If any lady cares to write me, I will gladly tell her more about the good work of your medicines."

Dr. Pierce's Great Family Doctor Book, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, newly revised up-to-date edition—of 1008 pages, answers hosts of delicate questions which every woman, single or married, ought to know. Sent free in cloth binding to any address on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of wrapping and mailing only.

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Don't Suffer!

"I had been troubled, a little, for nearly 7 years," writes Mrs. L. Fincher, in a letter from Peavy, Ala., "but I was not taken down, until March, when I went to bed and had to have a doctor. He did all he could for me, but I got no better. I hurt all over, and I could not rest. At last, I tried Cardui, and soon I began to improve. Now I am in very good health, and able to do all my housework."

TAKE The CARDUI Woman's Tonic

You may wonder why Cardui is so successful, after other remedies have failed. The answer is that Cardui is successful, because it is composed of scientific ingredients, that act curatively on the womanly system. It is a medicine for women, and for women only. It builds, strengthens, and restores weak and ailing women, to health and happiness.

If you suffer like Mrs. Fincher did, take Cardui. It will surely do for you, what it did for her. At all druggists.

Write to: Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions, and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent free. 100

FINE TEST OF CLEAR SPEECH

Conversation with the Blind Will Test One's Power of Making Listeners Understand You.

Let no one boast of his descriptive powers until he has tested them in conversation with a blind person," said the city missionary. "I used to think that I had the knack of making things pretty clear, but after I began to escort the blind on their walks I found that I had not the slightest conception of concise, comprehensive speech. My first experience of the kind was at a naval parade. I guided two blind men down to Riverside to 'see' the ships. I described to the best of my ability what was going on, but I soon found from the questions they asked that I had given them no idea of what the parade looked like. I reasoned that the fault must be mine. The men had been blind a good while, but they had retentive memories and an active imagination, and with that material to work on I should have achieved better results.

"From that day I began to cultivate the gift of accurate description. Even when out alone I talked to myself trying to put into words the pictures I saw. By degrees I acquired the art of seeing my blind charges see through my eyes. My biggest stumbling block was women's clothes. No woman I met anywhere show a keener avidity to keep up with the fashions than those I take out from the blind asylum, and it requires every one of my newly acquired gifts to convey an adequate idea of the season's styles."

TAVERN ALSO A PAWNSHOP

Establishment in the City of London, England, is in Enjoyment of Unique Privilege.

A time-honored London (Eng.) city tavern, the Castle, at the corner of Cowcross street, facing Farringdon street, enjoys the unique distinction of being also a fully licensed pledge shop. Over the door in the bar, which gives access to the landlord's private room, and thrown into bold relief by the official document behind it, the historic three-sphered symbol is discernible. Any one may here negotiate a loan upon his personal belongings without being under the necessity of first calling for refreshment. Formerly the house had a special pledge counter resembling the modern "Bottle and Jug" department, but this is no longer in evidence.

This strange combination of business dates from the reign of George IV., who, after attending a cock fight at Hockley-in-the-Hole, applied to the landlord of the Castle for a temporary accommodation on the security of his watch and chain. By royal warrant a few days later he invested that obliging boniface with the right of advancing money on pledges, and from that time down to the present a pawnbroker's license has been annually granted to the Castle. This hostelry is mentioned once or twice by Dickens in his novels.

Testimony of the Blind.

Before the trial was half ended it was apparent that most credence was placed in the testimony for the defendant.

"That is because he has two blind men testifying for him," said a man who has served on many juries. "When it comes to a question of memory the word of a blind man goes further in a courtroom than that of a person with good eyes. It is with the jurymen that his testimony really counts, but the judge and lawyers are also impressed. This is taking into consideration, of course, that the blind man has a reputation for veracity. We assume that with the loss of one faculty others have developed. What a man cannot see he hears, and his mind stores up. Our faith in the retentiveness of a blind man's memory has been frequently justified. Where a person with all his senses would become confused and testify vaguely, the blind man can repeat a conversation verbatim."

Aid to the Unlovely.

"I try to be an efficient city directory," said the hotel clerk, "but balk of recommending a beauty doctor to women guests."

"That is one of the first things they want to know. Churches, theaters, even dressmakers can wait a few days, but the beauty doctor is an immediate necessity. Unfortunately, they do not get much satisfaction out of me. Any number of beauty specialists leave cards for distribution, but so many of them have been mixed up in lawsuits that I feel squeamish about delivering their cards. To satisfy my own conscience and the women at the same time I hand out a bunch of advertisements with the remark that I guess they are about all alike.

"Then they can pay their money and take their choice, and if they lose their hair and complexion they can't come back on me for damages."

Latest in House Building.

Spanners and screwdrivers are the only tools required in up-to-date house building. This latest development in an important craft comes, as might be expected, from the United States, says London Tit-Bits. Blocks of concrete cement are cast according to the desired pattern, with a wire spiral passage through the center. When ready for erection steel pins are passed through the center of the castings, and the whole bolted together over a wooden frame. The work of building or dismantling a house so constructed is stated to be simple in the extreme.

Fruit Notes.

A cunning outfit in the home is a means of saving much valuable food for use in the winter and seasons when no ripe fruit is on hand. Do not allow any to waste.

An acre or two of small fruits can easily be tended on the average farm, and this small area often will yield greater returns than a whole field in corn or hay. It can be made to produce all the fruit the family can use, with much to sell for cash income.

If you have not already done so, make a start this fall in planting small and large fruits. Also plan ahead to give the fruit plants the best of care after they have been set out. Those who make a failure with fruits are those who plant and then turn the pangs over for the stock to eat, or allow the ground to grow up in weeds with no cultivation and other care. Good fruit means good work with it.

The farmer who is raising a family of children and wishes them to grow up healthy and happily should have abundance and variety of choice fruits for all the seasons. There is nothing a child likes so well as fruit, and the more of it children have the healthier they will be. It is easier and cheaper to grow fruit on the farm than to pay doctor's bills.

Beginning with strawberries in the spring, following with cherries, then dew berries, blackberries, raspberries, peaches, plums, grapes and apples, one can have ripe fruit on the place every day from May till November or later. Arrange to have ripe fruit in succession for a long season.

Many do not grow raspberries. These are relatively easy to grow, they yield well, and the fruit is choice. The raspberry patch well planted and cultivated can be made a source of considerable cash revenue. No farm is complete with some grape vines. Apples are a necessity.—Ex.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

To Mothers—And Others
You can use Bucklen's Arnica Salve to cure children of eczema, rashes, teething, chafings, scalds and crusted humors, as well as their accidental injuries—cuts, burns, bruises, etc., with perfect safety. Nothing else heals so quickly. For boils, ulcers, old, running sores or piles it has no equal. 25 cts at all druggists.

The Lasting Example.

A North Carolina negro was brought out on the gallows to be hanged for murder.

"Henry," said the sheriff, "have you anything to say?"

"Yes, sah," said the condemned man. "I've got a few words to say. I merely wishes to state dat de hangin' is goin' to be a lesson to me."

Now, if any, medicines, have met with the uniform success that has attended the use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. The remarkable cures of colic and diarrhoea which it has effected in almost every neighborhood have given it a wide reputation. For sale by all dealers.

FORDSVILLE.

Sept. 3.—The Fordsville Graded and High School opened Monday with the largest enrollment since the establishment of the High School. Also there were present at chapel exercises Monday morning the largest number of visitors to attend at one time. Sixty-seven friends and patrons of the school being present, including Ministers, Merchants and housekeepers, who left their work to come out and encourage the children and faculty in the great work that lies before them for the next term. With the school board, faculty and people working together in such harmony, Fordsville is certain of the most successful year in its history. The people are wide awake regarding their school interests.

Miss Cornelia Duncan, of Rockfield, Ky., is visiting friends and relatives here.

Mrs. Fred Cooper and Miss Irene Smith went to Owensboro today.

Mrs. W. A. Blomister left today to spend several days at Dawson Springs.

Mrs. J. Noy Foster visited Mrs. Clarence Keown last Friday and Saturday.

Mr. C. H. Lynn is on the sick list.

Mrs. G. L. Brady, of Irvington, is visiting Mr. W. S. Gaines and family.

Mr. and Mrs. S. K. Allen.

Miss Louise Smith returned home yesterday from a two weeks' visit to friends and relatives in Louisville.

Mr. and Mrs. S. K. Allen spent Sunday in Owensboro, the guest of their daughter, Mrs. Frank Bennett.

Rev. Lewis filled his regular appointment at the Baptist church here Sunday and Sunday evening delivering two very fine sermons.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson.

CULTURE OF THE ASPARAGUS

Excellent Remedy for Killing Off Green Slugs is to Dust Daily With Air-Slacked Lime.

Stop cutting asparagus when peas are fit to gather. Let the tops grow until fall. Keep the weeds down by applying a thick mulch of coarse manure, rotted leaves or grass. If the little fly appears, dust early in the morning with dry air-slacked lime. Paris green solution may be used instead of lime. We have always found the lime effective if put on as soon as the slugs appear. Use fresh air-slacked lime and dust every morning until all the worms are killed. Asparagus grown from seed must be kept clean of grass and weeds, and the soil mellow and rich. Use diluted urine from the stables, or bone phosphate, one handful to every 40 inches of row, says a writer in an exchange. The best remedy for asparagus rust is to cut the tops off close to the ground and burn. Then sow a thick coat of air-slacked lime over the rows and give clean culture. All rust stalks should be gathered up and burnt. If any are left the spores will be blown by the wind on to the new growth. To grow stout plants from seed, thin out the plants to stand four inches apart in the row.

KILL OFF INJURIOUS WEEDS

If Noxious Plants Are to Be Destroyed Work Must Be Done in Thorough Manner.

(By R. G. WEATHERSTONE.)
The presence of weeds on many farms demands that more rigorous measures be taken for their destruction. It is plain that so long as so few pastures, meadows and cultivated crops are used in rotation with grain the farmers will find it very difficult to keep the weeds in check.

Summer fallowing may destroy weeds, but it requires a great deal of labor during the entire season, when no crop is obtained from it.

Mustard, wild oats, pigeon grass, and French weed are among the worst



The French Weed.

weeds with which farmers have to contend.

It is to be regretted that so far as the writer knows, no simple or practical method has been found that will surely and completely eradicate French weed. Some farmers have reported methods that have proved successful with them, but other farmers have tried the same methods and failed.

Some few things have been learned by experiments, however. If this weed is to be destroyed, the work must be done thoroughly. The weed produces seeds so profusely that if one plant is allowed to go to seed a large area of surrounding land will soon be infested.

If there is one direction in farming in which thoroughness is required, it is in trying to destroy this weed. A slipshod way will not do, and an ounce of prevention is worth a thousand pounds of cure. Farmers whose farms are free from the French weed should guard against its incoming with the utmost vigilance and care.

GARDEN and FARM NOTES

Cut the rye heads out of the wheat. Keep the cucumbers picked off each day.

An inverted clover soil is ideal for beans.

If your onions are running to tops, break down the tops.

Kerosene emulsion is good—or bad—for squash bugs.

Keep the tomato vines off the ground, on supports of some kind.

The first essential in fighting weeds in any crop is to keep ahead of them.

There is permanent satisfaction in the use of concrete equipment on the farm.

A common rotation for large bean-growing sections is clover, beans, wheat.

The small hand-cultivator is handy and saves much hoe work in every garden.

Experiments have proved that beans yield better on old land than on new.

Hay will be valuable again this year. Let none go to waste; mow every corner.

Be sure that rain-water barrels and cisterns are closely screened to keep out the mother mosquitoes.

The longer you stick to the cultivator between the corn rows the more corn you will have in the crib by and by.

For cabbage worms use insect powder mixed with flour in the proportion of 1 pound of powder to 25 of flour. Dust the plants well after each rain.

Poultry Pointers.

There are many good and aggressive breeds of chickens, yet it is not a good plan to try to keep several kinds. Any one kind is good if it is handled well. Select the breed you like best, and stick to that breed till you are able to make them do all they are capable of doing.

One reason why so many have indifferent success with poultry is that the birds are neglected during busy times. If you would make the most from poultry, arrange all other work at all times to give the birds regular good daily care. Even a few days neglect may result in trouble and disappointment.

The American breeds of chickens, such as Plymouth Rocks, Wyandottes and Rhode Island Reds are best for farm use. These birds are reasonably good layers, good sitters and mothers, and they are large and make most excellent table fowls. With them, you can have both egg and meat supply, with heavy and profitable fowls for sale.

Poultry raising offers a good field for the women and girls of the farm to make some money of their own. The work is interesting, and not heavy.

See that all poultry have plenty of mineral matter in the form of shells or lime, grit and charcoal. These foods are as essential as grain and green matter. Ground or crushed bone of any kind is exceptionally good poultry feed.

It is said that the majority of cases of cholera are due to indigestion. The remedy is to supply sufficient grit and to scatter grain in a deep litter of straw.

Cholera, used frequently in mash feeds, will correct bowel troubles. Ditch feeding drinking vessels, houses, coops and nest boxes is a general preventative of poultry diseases. Sulphate of iron in drinking water is good.

An article that has real merit should in time become popular. That such is the case with Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been attested by many dealers. Here is one of them. H. W. Hendrickson, Ohio Falls, Ind., writes, "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best for coughs, colds and croup, and is my best seller." For sale by all dealers.

About Good and Bad Roads.

The cost to the farmers and merchant, of bad roads cannot be placed too high. Whether it will ever be appreciated is a doubtful question. It does cost them big, but it is a very hard matter to present the argument and get a farmer to see anything except the first cost of building the road. Tell him that if good roads was a prime issue in his vicinity or county, he and his fellow-farmers would derive a great benefit and save considerable money yearly. And he will readily agree with you. But ask him for a contribution to help to build good roads and he is as weak as a spring chicken with the rapscall. He only sees that measly five or ten or fifteen dollars that ought to come out of his pocket. He can only see the first cost. "Oh Lord send me a language that will make them understand" as Uncle Poke Butler said when his wife and mother-in-law caught him sitting in the lap of a chorus girl.

It costs twenty-three cents to haul a ton of farm produce one mile over semi-improved roads. Over gravel or stone roads it costs a fraction less than ten cents. If a farmer's average haul to a shipping point is nine miles he must spend three cents extra for every bushel of wheat he hauls to market because the county does not build good roads.

At twenty bushels to the acre and fifty acres of wheat the farmer raises the thousand bushels of wheat. Thus he must spend as useless, senseless bad road tax thirty dollars on wheat alone. If every farmer in McCracken county were taxed one and one-half cents for each bushel of wheat he raised, and for this were guaranteed good roads, the heavens would hardly hold the pound of misery project. Yet he would be paying half of what he now throws away, Paduca News Democrat.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Riley Has Fared Well.

The gift by James Whitcomb Riley, the Hoosier poet, of \$50,000 in cash to his nephew and secretary, Edmund H. Eggle, coupled with a recent presentation of property valued at \$70,000 to the city of Indianapolis, for a public library, has called attention to Mr. Riley's royalties. Intimate friends say that his poetical works alone have brought him \$50,000. Mr. Riley said, when the subject was broached, "I was sorry that the gift of \$50,000 to my nephew got into print. It was a private matter and of interest to no one but him and myself. Of course the gift to the city was a different matter for there would naturally be a public interest in that, and the public had a right to the details. No, I do not care to discuss my income from my works. The public has been very kind to me, and I feel that I have been well remunerated. If the readers of my books have no cause for complaint, I certainly have none, and I shall let the matter rest there."

Condensed Statement of Condition

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Beaver Dam Deposit Bank OF BEAVER DAM, KY.

At the Close of Business June 29, 1912.

RESOURCES.	LIABILITIES.
Loans and Discounts.....\$197,018.36	Capital Stock.....\$25,000.00
Cash in Safe.....11,948.43	Surplus.....27,822.10
Cash in Other Banks. 52,803.52	Dividend No. 30.....1,250.00
Stocks and Bonds.....17,504.00	Deposits.....227,742.54
Overdrafts.....540.33	
Real Estate, Furniture and Fixtures.....2,000.00	
Total.....\$281,814.64	Total.....\$281,814.64

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I. P. BARNARD, President.
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9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 1912
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Subscribers desiring the paper sent to a new address must give the old address in making the request.

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Anonymous communications will receive no attention.

TELEPHONE.

ough River.....123

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 13.

PROGRESSIVE TICKET.

For President,
THEODORE ROOSEVELT.
For Vice President,
GOV. HIRAM JOHNSON.

Mr. Hearst is surely a man of letters.

It often happens that the silent voice makes the most noise.

Standard oil only makes more trouble on the political waters.

Is the Panama canal to be a national asset or a national liability?

The English Titanic Commission seems to have put the blame on the iceberg.

Uncle Sam has raised the salaries of 42,000 rural mail carriers; all of whom will cast a vote in November.

It is said that Roosevelt is running so fast out West that he makes a jack rabbit look like a stand patter.

The attitude of Gov. Woodrow Wilson on the tariff reminds one of the distinguished character Mr. Facingboth-ways.

If we get to sending food supplies through the mails it is hoped the mail clerk who cancels the stamps will go easy on the eggs.

Wilson tells the farmers that they are not benefited by the tariff. If that is true all their fight against the Canadian reciprocity treaty last year was folly.

Advocates of Democracy are trying to persuade the farmer that the way to reduce the cost of living is for him to sell cheaper and vote the Democratic ticket. Then the farmer just laughs a cold laugh.

We are in receipt of a copy of the Caneyville News, published at Caneyville, Ky., by Mr. J. N. Liggins. The News is well edited and the mechanical make-up is good. We wish Brother Liggins success in his enterprise.

"Almost every town in the State the size of London has a commercial club, and they are doing things for their community."—Mountain Echo, of London, Ky. Don't worry, Brother, Hartford is in the same class with London, that is, no active commercial club.

The Democratic Prison Board met last week at Frankfort and discharged a large number of old employees, to make room for others with more recent and better records for party service, and to strengthen the State machine. That this would be done was vigorously denied when charged by Judge O'Rear in his speeches last year.

"The I. C. Railroad Company has saved enough from refusing to grant free transportation to newspaper men to build a couple of section houses at the depot here."—Lyon County Herald, Eddyville, Ky.—The I. C. Company has not built a new section house at Beaver Dam, Poor Company! No doubt they are losing money every day.

"Col. Roosevelt and President Taft regard each other as crooks in the national campaign, but as brothers in the effort to get offices for the Republicans in Maine."—Courier Journal. This from the newspaper whose editor announced that in the support of Gov. Wilson he was supporting the "devil," sounds rather funny. Is Col. Watson supporting a devil to get the offices?

The local Taft paper seems to think that we should be in favor of Woman's Suffrage because Roosevelt is and has a lady on his campaign Committee. It suggests that we ought to inform ourselves etc. Well now we trust that we may be given credit for knowing that some time ago. However the writer has been against female suffrage long before he ever heard of Roosevelt and will continue to be against it. Of course this cannot be understood by a weak truckling hypocrite. If the Democratic platform and candidate were to declare the women made

of green cheese the Editor of the Hartford Herald would say "no good" and would be found some night on a slip ladder in front of his office trying to gather evidence from the sky sky to prove it.

The local Taft organ has already got down to the "You are a liar" stage of the campaign. Having misrepresented the Progressives in a manner which could not have been other than wilful, concerning their action at the Taft Committee meeting recently and being pulled down by this paper, it yells "liar." No one is deceived by this sort of raving. It raves at Roosevelt, at the boys who are holding county offices and who happen to support the Progressive ticket. It levels all its fight at Roosevelt in one column and in another attempts to prove that he will not get any votes, because no third party ever did. In the mean time the Progressive party continues to grow in Ohio County, as elsewhere, and nobody pays much attention to the Grand Mother Editor of The Herald.

A GOOD ENDORSEMENT.

The following from the Republican platform, written four years ago at Chicago, if true then ought to be true now, and it is commended to some of the Taft Democrats and Republicans who are saying such hard things about Roosevelt:

"In this greatest era of American advancement the Republican party has reached its greatest service under the leadership of Theodore Roosevelt."

"His administration has been an epoch in American history. In no other period since national sovereignty was won under Washington or preserved under Lincoln has there been such mighty progress in those ideals of government which make for justice, equality and fair dealing among men. The highest aspirations of the American people have found a voice. Their most exalted servant represents the best aims and worthiest purpose of all his countrymen. American manhood has been lifted to a nobler sense of duty and obligation. Conscience and courage in public station and higher standards of right and wrong in private life have become cardinal principles of political faith."

So it was the Republican platform which compares the Colonel to Washington and Lincoln. No Roosevelt enthusiast of the new party could make the slightest improvement upon this endorsement, however eloquent or poetic he may be.

THE END OF PENROSE AND PENROSEISM.

Colonel Roosevelt has given to the American people in full the statement of the Penrose senate sub-committee refused to hear.

The committee may meet in October, November or December, now, as it rejects its effort to deprive Roosevelt of the chance to defend himself has failed.

The scheme to attack Roosevelt and then deprive him of a chance to defend himself was carefully laid, and the program worked out, as prepared.

But the plan to hold up the Progressive candidate before the country as a man accused by a prisoner in the dock, until election day, has been broken down. The senate committee now has Roosevelt's statement in spite of itself, and the country knows the truth in the case.

The sudden scattering of the senate committee, just as soon as Penrose, the confessed bribe taker, and Archibald, champion bribe and champion liar, had accused Roosevelt, was so obviously a trick that the most innocent man in the country was not deceived.

The committee was to sit only long enough to allow Archibald and Penrose, bribe and bribee, to try to evade their own responsibilities by charging something against Roosevelt, and then leave Washington.

Colonel Roosevelt's statement now makes it a matter of indifference to anybody whether the senate committee ever meets again.

Archibald and Penrose have confessed to bribing, and bribe taking, and the senate committee may make any action it sees fit. Both are guilty and both have confessed.

Roosevelt's statement has been given to the country in spite of the senate committee acting under orders from Penrose.

George T. Oliver, the sensational creature of Penrose, dividing the infamy of Pennsylvania with the confessed bribe taker and all around corruptor, in his Pittsburgh organs follows out this personal course as a hand-picked member of that senate sub-committee.

Oliver refuses to print the Roosevelt statement in full just as he refused to allow Roosevelt to testify before the committee.

The creatures are still following their master's orders. If they could prevent it, the Roosevelt statement would never have been placed before the American people.

The new series of Standard Oil letters now running in the Leader shows how far the great Rockefeller interests have operated to corrupt politics in Pennsylvania.

The debauchery has gone to lengths

not until now suggested. The slimy touch has reached out and contaminated the courts along with the plain political highway.

The highest court in Pennsylvania was one of the "friendly" arms of the same Standard Oil company which unblushingly confesses to have bribed Penrose and others in this state. The color of Standard Oil is over the courts and judiciary of Pennsylvania.

They openly asked the Standard for cash when they wanted it, or when they needed it, and the money always came on demand.

When the Standard wanted a law or an amendment, passed or killed that law or that amendment was passed or killed. These letters speak for themselves and tell their own story plainly.

The evidence is overwhelming that Pennsylvania is the property of the Standard Oil Company, the Archibald and Penroses, who did the bidding of their master and who were paid thousands of their master's money as they admit, and as the master confesses.

The spring made by Colonel Roosevelt that the Archibald bribe is made worse by the position of Penrose as a member of the commission investigating the industrial affairs of the United States, which include the affairs of the Standard, is a telling one.

As he says, it stamps Penrose as a man unfit to say in the senate and the senate should put him out.

Colonel Roosevelt's statement is a merciless arraignment of the Archibald-Penrose scheme when he quotes Mr. Contelous as saying the Cornelius N. Bliss had told him that the Standard had not contributed to the campaign fund of 1904.

It is given even more strength, if that were possible, by the direct statement from Mr. Bliss publicly made at that time, that Roosevelt had forbidden acceptance of any funds the Standard might offer. This Mr. Bliss stated, had been followed out.

The Roosevelt suggestion to the senate is plain that if Penrose had named the Standard as Archibald says he did, it amounted to straight blackmail and that Penrose is entitled to no more consideration than a Grading Politician who gets money from victims by threats.

Roosevelt's statement that he refused to permit Penrose to become a national committeeman in 1904 shows what he thought of him then, and how he acts in such cases, regardless of the supposed political power wielded.

The only thing against Colonel Roosevelt is the word of Penrose, confessed bribe taker and corruptionist; of Archibald, confessed bribe, corruptionist, and liar.

They make the attack upon Roosevelt only after they are in the prisoners' dock and forced by the most damning evidence to confess.

Their attempt, aided and abetted by the senate sub-committee, to hold the desperate cries of confessed bribe takers and bribe takers as a charge against Roosevelt, has failed flat.

Their place is in the prisoners' dock not at the table of the prosecutor. Their effort to divert attention from their confessions by shrieking at Roosevelt will avail them nothing.

When a criminal confesses there is no doubt of his guilt. Penrose and Archibald have confessed. Their ravings thrust into the dock means nothing.

Their place is before the judge for sentence.—Pittsburg Leader.

Renews for the Republican.

Arjans Point, Miss., Sept. 10, 1912.
The Hartford Republican,
Hartford, Ky.

Gentlemen:—Enclosed you will find check for one dollar. Please renew my subscription to your paper for another year.
Yours very truly,
F. H. GRAY.

OLATON.

Sept. 11.—Mr. C. S. Mosley was here Monday from Trigg, Ky., enroute to Horse Branch on a business trip.
Mr. Robert L. Armes, of the Armes & Co., store was in Louisville several days purchasing goods for the fall trade.

Mr. and Mrs. Wesley D. Duke, and Miss Jessie Alvena Hall were here from Friedland, Ky., Sunday and Sunday as guests of John F. Allen and Mrs. Maryna Hall.

Miss Lyla Young is quite ill at the home of Mrs. Jane Payton.

Mrs. E. H. Stevens, (Janie Hamilton Farris) has returned to Argenta, Ark. after a several days visit the guest of her parents, Rev. and Mrs. F. M. Farris.

The Patterson St. Methodist Church is practically completed. An all-day service was held in the new building Sunday, being conducted by the Rev. Mr. Crow, of Dundee, and the pastor, Bro. Christy Gentry, of Kingswood, Ky. The following are the charter members, the names being arranged in order: John M. Stone, W. M. Keith, J. H. Huxwood, Hannah Hopper, Otto Connor, Mrs. Charles R. Daniel, (nee Olga Patterson), Mrs. Fronia Stone, Mrs. Anna Mitchell, Mrs. Maudie Connor, Mrs. Mary E. May (Mrs. Alex W. May), Mrs. Annie Patterson, Mrs. Frances Hazelewood, Morgan S. Patterson, Mrs. Rosie Keith,

Mrs. Martha Keith and Miss Olga Keith.

Dr. Jesse S. Bean made a business trip to Hartford Friday.

The Stinson Vauclville Show exhibit ed here Friday and Saturday night and was well attended, splendid order was maintained each night.

Miss Lyla Patterson, telephone operator of Caneyville, Ky., is here for an indefinite stay as the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Ethel Daniel.

Mrs. Ernest W. Wilson and little son, Martin Wilson, were here several days from Bender, Ky., the home of Mrs. Wilson's mother, Mrs. Jane Payton.

Mrs. George W. Daniel and little son, Kenneth, are in Louisville as the guest of Mrs. Daniel's sister, Mrs. Pence, and attending the Fair.

Miss Zola Lyons, clerk for Arms & Co., is in Louisville this week.

Mrs. Chester B. Lyons is quite sick.

Miss Essie Lynch was called home to Friedland to the bedside of her mother, Mrs. Hester Lynch, who is quite ill.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Notice to Tax Payers.

Deputy Sheriff W. C. Harp will be at the following places on day named to collect your taxes:

Naprows, Monday, Sept. 9, forenoon.
Davidson Station, Monday, Sept. 9, afternoon.

Clinton, Tuesday, Sept. 10, forenoon.

Dan Station, Tuesday, Sept. 10, afternoon.

Horse Branch, Wednesday, Sept. 11, forenoon.

White Run, Wednesday, Sept. 11, afternoon.

Selket, Friday, Sept. 12, forenoon.

Baldstown, Friday, Sept. 13, afternoon.

Rosine, Saturday, Sept. 14.

Arnold, Monday, Sept. 16, forenoon.

Remfrow, Monday, Sept. 16, afternoon.

Mt. Pleasant, Tuesday, Sept. 17, forenoon.

T. H. BLACK, S. O. C.

Pianos And Organs

TUNED AND REPAIRED
BY AN EXPERT.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Before you close a deal for a Piano or Organ would be glad for you to call and see my stock, as I represent two of the largest factories in existence—the Baldwin and the Star. Also carry a full line of the latest Sheet Music.

HARTFORD MUSIC CO

M. A. FAUGHT, Mgr.
Hartford, Ky.

SOLITE OIL

the Lamp Oil that Saves Eyes

Nothing is more important in the home than clear, steady light. Insure this by getting the oil that burns clear and clean without a flicker down to the last drop. Pennsylvania crude oil refined to perfection. Costs no more than the tank-wagon kind—saves MONEY—saves WORK—saves eyes. Your dealer has SOLITE OIL in barrels direct from our works.

Chas. C. Stoll Oil Co.
Louisville, Ky.
Refinery at Warren, Pa.
We sell the celebrated "No Carb" Auto Oil.

I AM PREPARED

To do any kind of Veterinary work. Horses, mules and cows need not die for want of attention. Calls answered day or night.

W. H. RILEY
Veterinary Surgeon
Hartford, Ky.

NEW FALL SUITS

For the Ladies and Misses.



Our line of the Famous Palmer Garments is now in and we want every lady in this county to see the new fall fabrics, made in the most stunning models that has ever been gotten out.

If you are interested in being correctly dressed, at a nominal cost, you will certainly have to look at our showings. Quality of materials used ---fit and style of

each garment---have been wisely considered in the production of these suits. The pleasure will be ours to have you in for a look.

E. P. BARNES & BRO.
Beaver Dam, Kentucky.

Farmers!

Having recently built a large addition to my produce house, I am in shape to carry a large stock of

JONES' BRAND FERTILIZERS

The best fertilizer that is made for wheat as well as all other farm products. Just try me this season. Will sell cheap and give you plenty of time to pay for it.

W. E. ELLIS, Produce Merchant
Hartford, Ky.

Hartford College

33rd YEAR BEGINS SEPT. 16, 1912

Ample temporary accommodations have been secured. A modern steam heated, electric lighted building will be ready for the second term.

Unequaled opportunities are offered common school graduates and all desiring a High School education. Seven teachers, three engaged in High School work.

102 enrolled last year in High School and Normal Departments. 14 High School Graduates and three-fourths of Normal students made first-class certificates. Splendid advantages are offered in MUSIC and EXPRESSION.

Second Term and Normal Work Begins January 20, 1913.

For further information address:

H. E. BROWN, Pres. A. E. ELLIS, V. Pres.

WELCOME!

W. O. W.

We want to invite every Woodman that visits our city Saturday to make our house their stopping place. We shall be delighted to have you come in and inspect our big line of FALL MERCHANDISE. We are showing a line unexcelled by any house in the country. Our prices are right; our qualities always the best. Remember this, and bear in mind that IT PAYS TO TRADE WITH A HOUSE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY.

FAIR & Co.

THE FAIR DEALERS

Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 13.

M. H. & E. Railroad Time Table at Hartford, Ky.

L. & N. time card effective Monday Aug. 21st.

No. 112 North Bound due 7:10 a. m. daily except Sunday.

No. 114 North Bound due 3:40 p. m. daily except Sunday.

No. 115 South Bound due 8:45 a. m. daily except Sunday.

No. 113 South Bound due 1:45 p. m. daily except Sunday.

H. E. MISCHKE Agt.

Mrs. A. C. Yeiser is attending the State Fair this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Lindley, route 7, are both quite sick.

Mrs. Rowan Holbrook, who has been quite ill, is much better.

Mr. W. L. White, of Palo, was a pleasant caller Wednesday.

Miss Ida Matlack, of Louisville, is the guest of Mrs. W. M. Fair.

Mr. W. F. Schomberg left yesterday for a few days in Owensboro.

Mr. Thomas Lickens, of Lickens & Aton, was in Louisville this week.

Mr. C. D. Bean, of Olaton, paid the Republican a pleasant call Friday.

Attorney Otto C. Martin transacted business in Montgomery this week.

Mr. L. B. Loney, of Melleny, was a pleasant caller at this office, Friday.

Mrs. W. S. Dean and Miss son, of Dunbar, attended the State Fair this week.

Mr. and Mrs. John T. Moore attended the State Fair at Louisville this week.

Miss B. S. Chamberlain, of route 7, returned Monday from a visit in Indiana.

Mr. W. B. Bender and daughter, Miss Effie, returned Monday from a visit at Prentiss.

Mrs. Florence Maury, of Morganfield, Ky., who formerly lived here, is visiting friends here.

Mr. W. G. Benjett, of Beda, left Thursday for Dawson Springs, where he will spend a few days.

Judging from indications from all over the country there will be a tremendous crowd at the W. O. W. Picnic at the fair grounds at Hartford Saturday.

Mr. D. E. Ward, route 3, and Mr. J. C. Hill, Smalhouse, were pleasant callers at this office Saturday.

Mrs. J. S. Leasure and little grand daughter, route 5 Hartford, paid the Republican a pleasant call Friday.

Miss Frances Little returned to her home at Owensboro Tuesday after a visit here with Miss Mary Spaulding.

The next time you come to Hartford drop a dollar in your pocket to pay for The Republican a year.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert A. Nofsinger, of Hazard, Ky., are spending their vacation in Hartford and McLean county.

If you need a good wheat drill call and see me about the kind I sell.

S. L. KING, Hartford, Ky.

Messrs. J. H. Torrance and V. W. Wilson, of Melleny, were pleasant callers at the Republican office Wednesday.

Miss Winnie Kummerman entertained a few of her friends Tuesday evening for her guest, Miss Mary Foley, of Livermore.

Mr. I. S. Mason, of Fordsville, was in Hartford yesterday in the interest of the New England Mutual Life Insurance Co.

Mrs. Laura Tate, who has been attending school in Louisville, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Poley this week.

When you come to the Woodmen Picnic tomorrow bring along a dollar to pay for a year's subscription to The Republican.

The funeral of Mrs. Dudley B. Park will be preached on Sunday September 16 at 11:00 a. m. at the Methodist Church by Rev. Harper, of Beaver Dam.

Don't forget the picnic given at the fair grounds at Hartford by Hartford Camp No. 202 W. O. W., on Saturday Sept. 14.

Mr. M. Bean has been assisting in the Ohio County Drug Company's store this week, during the absence of Manager Sanders.

Mr. H. S. Sanders, Manager of the Ohio County Drug Co., visited his mother, Mrs. Bettie Sanders, of Louisville, this week.

Mr. W. W. Duncan, postmaster at Melleny, and Mr. Henry, of Melleny, were pleasant callers at this office yesterday.

Rev. Eli Wesley and family, of No Creek, are visiting relatives at Hartford, Ky., for a few weeks. Rev. Wesley also attended the annual conference of the Methodist Church at Jacksonville, Ky., last week.

Messrs. D. D. Felix and Melleny Holbrook have gone to Lexington where they will resume their work in Kentucky State University.

For \$1.00 you can get a copy of "The Vagabond's Claw" and one year's subscription to The Republican. Regular price of the book alone is \$1.50.

Mr. Stanhope Little returned to his home at Owensboro Tuesday, after a visit here the guest of Mr. Lewis Riley and Mr. Allison Barnett.

Mr. R. W. Tinsley, principal of the Greenville High School, spent Saturday and Sunday here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Tinsley.

Mrs. S. T. Barratt left Thursday morning for Hanson, Ky., where she was called to the bedside of her mother, Mrs. De Moss, who is dangerously ill.

Get your groceries, field seeds, fertilizer and farming implements from D. L. SANDERFER,

923 Beaver Dam, Ky.

When you get ready for your grass and rye seed let me sell you. Prices are right.

S. L. KING, Hartford, Ky.

Black & Birkhead will hold their annual coat show at the Woodmen picnic at the Hartford fair grounds on Sat. Sept. 14. Free admission to the grounds.

Mrs. B. S. Chamberlain, of route 7, was called Wednesday to Owensboro to the bedside of her little nephew, Homer Smith, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Smith.

Messrs. Marvin Black and Roscoe Renter, who are engaged in the revenue service at Owensboro, are spending several weeks vacation at their homes in this county.

Mr. John J. Williams, of Memphis, Tenn., attended the State Fair this week at Louisville, and was also a delegate from Ohio county to the Good Roads Convention.

Mr. and Mrs. Ham Daly, of Memphis, Tenn., who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Gillespie this week, left Thursday for Pleasant Ridge, where they will visit.

Miss Elsie Matthews, of Hamilton, Ohio, who has been visiting her father, Mr. Heber Matthews, has gone to Owensboro, where she will visit her grandmother before returning home.

All-day picnic and barbecue at Hartford fair grounds on Saturday Sept. 14 under the direction of Hartford Camp No. 202 Woodmen of the World. Everybody invited. Admission free.

Among those from Centertown who are attending the State Fair at Louisville this week are, Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Rows and Mrs. O. B. James, Messrs. I. A. Vinson, L. C. Morton and W. B. McLean.

Mr. John J. Williams, of Memphis, Tenn., arrived in Hartford Tuesday afternoon for a brief visit. Mr. Williams holds a lucrative position with the Novato Candy Co., and his many friends here are glad to know of his success.

WANTED: Man with horse and rig for Medicine route in County. Salary and Commission if you can establish the fact that you can get results. Apply at once to the

MONARCH MEDICINE CO., In Care This Office.

The examining trial of Messrs. Mack Henshaw, Alex. Rozaith and Willie Burton, charged with shooting some colored men several days ago, was called before Judge Weidner yesterday morning. The defendants waived examining trial and were bound over to the action of the October grand jury.

Jeff Waterson and Cecil Durnell have opened a blacksmith shop at John Daniels' old shop where they will conduct a general blacksmith business as follows: buggy and wagon work, plows, horse shoeing and etc. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.

629 Jeff Waterson & Cecil Durnell.

The funeral of Thomas Taylor, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Hunter, was held at the family residence last Friday afternoon. Rev. T. V. Joiner, of the M. E. Church, South, conducted the services and spoke in words of tenderest sympathy and comfort, of deepest Christian hope and promise. The little form was laid to rest in the family lot in our Silent City.

The large flour mill and candy machine outfit belonging to Mr. C. B. Cardan, of Fordsville, was totally destroyed Wednesday night. The fire was discovered about 11:30 in the candy building, which was separated from the flour mill.

The origin of the fire is not known, and there is some belief that it was the work of an incendiary. The equipment was insured for \$2,000 but valued several hundred dollars higher, and Mr. Cardan had practically completed a deal to sell the Ohio county is now without a single candy machine, as this was the only one in the county.

Running up and down stairs, sweeping and bending over making beds will not make a woman healthy or beautiful. She must get out of doors, walk a mile or two every day and take Chamberlain's Tablets to improve her digestion and regulate her bowels. For sale by all druggists.

GEN. MACARTHUR DIES SUDDENLY Falls From Apoplectic Stroke While Addressing Old Comrades.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 6.—While recalling the deeds of the Twenty-fourth Wisconsin Volunteers in the Atlanta campaign, Lieut. Gen. Arthur MacArthur, U. S. A., retired, dropped dead, following an apoplectic stroke, at the last reunion of the regiment known as the "Chamber of Commerce" regiment, in the University building last night. Within a few minutes after the venerable General fell to the speakers' platform in the midst of his address, Edwin B. Parsons, a captain and member of the regiment, suffered a paralytic stroke on the right side from the shock of seeing his comrade fall, and had to be carried from the hall. The old soldiers attending the reunion (there were about 100) failed to grasp the situation for some moments, and when they rushed to the side of their fallen commander and tried to arouse him, the pajama of his face told them that the General was dead. The old soldiers turned away, with tear-dimmed eyes, then one by one they knelt by the side of their stricken comrade.

"Our Father, which art in heaven," began one of the veterans, and the others joined him in repeating the Lord's prayer.

At the conclusion of the prayer, as the soldiers arose, one of them took from the wall an American flag and spread it over the dead General. Then solemnly the old soldiers left the hall. Gen. MacArthur's body was taken first to an undertaking establishment and later to his home.

Kentucky Democrats Subscribe Little

New York, Sept. 9.—From a Kentucky standpoint the feature of the contributors' list made public by the Democratic National Committee today is that only two Kentuckians have thus far given \$100 or over. They are Wiley Woodson, of Owensboro, who contributed \$100, and James B. Camp, of Louisville, who gave \$100. The funds being raised by various Kentucky newspapers have not yet been totaled, and they will add materially to the showing of the Bluegrass State. But even then Kentucky is about last in the list of States. The names of John C. C. Mayo and Johnson M. Camden, among the wealthiest Democrats in Kentucky were not on the list as made public today.

MULES WANTED.

We have just received notice that some parties of Dexterville, Ky., will be here on Saturday, Sept. 14th, 1912, wanting to buy several suckling mules. Better get your mule colts in shape and bring them in.

BLACK & BIRKHEAD.

Ladies Circle Entertained.

The Ladies Circle of the Woodmen of the World gave an entertainment at Fraternity Hall last evening. The following program was scheduled:

Welcome—Sov. J. H. Williams.

Response and Prayer—Elder W. B. Wright.

Music—Selection—Sov. Lena Martin.

Why I Belong to the Circle—Sov. B. B. Pendleton.

Music—What it Costs to Belong to the Circle—Sov. P. D. Twedde.

Music—What the Woodmen Circle is Doing—Sov. T. R. Barnard.

Music—Reading—Sov. Anna Eliza Foster.

Music—An old fashioned spelling match.

Refreshments.

McHENRY.

Sept. 10.—Born to the wife of Mr. Charles W. Mullikin an eleven pound boy on August 18. Mother and child doing fine.

The stork left a nine pound boy at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Hamp Maddox on Sept. 3, and also an eleven pound boy to Mrs. Martin Gaddis on August 14th.

Mrs. Cane who has been visiting her parents at Paris, Ky., has resumed her position as milliner for Mr. S. J. Tishener.

Mr. George W. Bushart has taken charge of the Industrial Co-Operative Association store as manager. Mr. Charles Cargill, who held the position formerly, has opened a mercantile business for himself here in the Joe James property.

Store Fixtures For Sale!

On account of our quitting business, we have for sale at very low sacrifice prices the following:

One 4-drawer floor cabinet National Cash Register. All latest improvements and a necessity to any well regulated business.

One 3-section Clothing Cabinet. Oak Case, Glass Doors, holds 150 suits. Keeps them straight and dustless.

Two 6-foot plate glass top floor Show Cases.

One 8-light F. P. improved inverted light system. In perfect order and no better one made. Will take less than half first cost.

One Oliver No. 5 Typewriter. Same as new.

Triplicate Mirror, also one large plate Mirror, on stand, single.

These and many other fixtures necessary to a good store for sale cheap.

If you are going into business, we can save you a nice sum, but will sell fixtures to anyone who does not need all. Ask

Barnard & Co.

HARTFORD, KY.

The Home Restaurant

LILES & BORAH, Props.
CROMWELL, KY.

Meals and Lunches at all Hours

Fine Candies, Cigars, Tobaccos, Soft Drinks and Fruits.

YOUR PATRONAGE SOLICITED.

Hartford is About 130 Years Old

And the oldest residents tell me that I have the most up-to-date and artistic display of Watches, Clocks, Silverware, Jewelry and Spectacles that has been carried here at any time. The quality, which is higher than the price, is the only reason back of the steady increasing demand for my goods. Step in and take a look the next time you are in town—you don't have to buy anything. The highest grade Watch Repairing done also.

J. B. TAPPAN

The Reliable Jeweler and Optician.

Hartford, - Ky.



Let the Baker

Do the Work—Do the Work! Delegate to Us

The Buying of the Fuel and Flour.

We're Immune to Heat.

Our Shop is Neat.

At Your Service Every Hour.

WHY NOT KEEP COOL

And Buy the Finished Product.

THE HARTFORD BAKERY

W. C. SCHLEMMER, PROP.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

POSITIONS GUARANTEED

WE will GUARANTEE you a position if you write us real soon. We need many more students at once to supply the enormous demand for our graduates. As soon as we get the required number of students this offer will be withdrawn. So write at once for particulars.

Bryant & Stratton

BUSINESS COLLEGE

INCORPORATED

ESTABLISHED 1864

LOUISVILLE, KY.

GEO. W. SCHWARTZ, PRINCIPAL

SEEDS

Buckbee's "Full of Life" Northern Grown Pedigreed Seeds have a reputation of 35 years of successful seed growing behind them. It pays to plant the best.

Seasonable Specialties—

BEANS

Earliest Red Valentine . . . \$1.50 Bushel
Refugee—Extra Early . . . \$1.25 Bushel
New Stringless Green Pod . . . \$1.75 Bushel
Wardwell's Imp. Kidney Wax . . . \$1.50 Bushel
Davis New White Wax . . . \$1.75 Bushel
Currie's Rust Proof Wax . . . \$1.50 Bushel

PEAS

Extra Early Alaska . . . \$1.50 Bushel
New Early Gradus . . . \$1.50 Bushel
Horsford's Market Garden . . . \$1.50 Bushel
Buckbee's Lightning Express . . . \$1.50 Bushel

Legumes, Radishes, Tomatoes and a full line of Seeds, Plants and Bulbs at lowest growing prices. Send for complete catalogue or submit a list of your requirements and will quote prices. Buy direct from the grower—Save Money. Write today. Mention this paper.

H. W. BUCKBEE

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Celebrated for style, perfect fit, simplicity and reliability nearly 40 years. Sold in nearly every city and town in the United States and Canada, or by mail direct. More sold than any other make. Send for free catalogue.

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More subscribers than any other fashion magazine—million a month. Invaluable. Latest styles, patterns, dressmaking, millinery, plain sewing, fancy needlework, hairdressing, etiquette, good stories, etc. Only 50 cents a year (worth double), including a free pattern. Subscribe today, or send for sample copy.

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POSITIONS PLentiful
UNUSUALLY
NEAR

Bowling Green Business University

Bowling Green, Ky.

NEAR MANNOTH CAVE

NEAR THIS PARK AND GET A BEAUTIFUL SOUVENIR OF MANNOTH CAVE

DIVINE REWARDS ARE ETERNAL LIFE.

Divine Punishment For Incurable Is Eternal Death.

Pastor Russell, in Eloquent Discourse, Yesterday at Columbus, Ohio, Brought Comfort and Satisfaction to Many Who Listened to His Exposition of a Text Misapplied by Many.



PASTOR RUSSELL

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 8. — Pastor Russell chose for his text today one that has doubtless been misapplied by many theologians. It was the last verse of the Parable of the Sheep and the Goats: "These shall go away into everlasting punishment, but the righteous into life eternal."—Matthew xxv, 46.

Pastor Russell proved on this occasion, as he usually does, that he has a long lead on many of the theologians of the past and present. His position with respect to this Parable is that the application of it is not to this Age, but to the future one. This is distinctly shown in the opening verse of the Parable itself, he said: "When the Son of Man shall come in His glory, and all the holy angels with Him, then shall He sit upon the Throne of His Glory." (V. 31.)

And besides, the Pastor said, When the Son of Man shall sit in His Throne and have before Him all nations, it is evident from Scripture that the true Church will sit with Him; that the nations will be the remainder of humanity. As proof of this he quoted Scripture: "To him that overcometh will I grant to sit with Me in My Throne." (Revelation iii, 21.) Another, "To him that overcometh will I give power over the nations." (Revelation ii, 26.) And again, "Know ye not that the saints shall judge the world?"—"all nations."—1 Corinthians vi, 2.

That this work of judging and reigning over the nations of earth is not to be during a day of twenty-four hours, he said, is evident from Scripture also. For instance, "They shall be priests of God and of Christ and shall reign with Him a thousand years." (II Peter iii, 7, 8; Revelation xx, 6.)

There is no doubt that the correct view of the doctrine of Election has much to do with clarifying the theological atmosphere of the miasma of the past. If everybody could get the Bible focus upon this important doctrine, every other theological question would become as clear as noonday. If everybody could see clearly that the true Church is being elected, or selected, in this Age, according to faithfulness and character-development, by way of preparation for the great service to be rendered the world in the next Age, there would be few problems remaining to be cleared up.

The Sheep—the Goats—the Fire.

The Parable proceeds to show the separating work that will progress throughout the thousand-year exercise of Divine power and authority on earth. At its conclusion all the peoples of the nations will have taken their places, either as sheep or goats. To the sheep class will be said, "Come, ye blessed of My Father, inherit the Kingdom prepared for you from the foundation of the world."

This carries the mind back to the time when the world was established. Adam being its first representative was, by Divine command, given dominion, or rulership, over it all—was given the Kingdom of earth. But he proved his unfitness for further exercise of his God-given responsibilities by placing himself in opposition to his Creator and on the side of the Adversary. At once Adam lost his dominion, and lost also his right to eternal life.

The sheep class of the Parable represent all of Adam's race brought back to perfection by the process of Restoration during Messiah's reign of a thousand years. (Acts iii, 19-21.) To them will come the dominion which Adam lost and which Jesus redeemed at Calvary. Next the fate of the goat class is stated—not in literal language, but in symbol. It should be borne in mind that "without a parable spake He not to the people." In other words, everything which Jesus said to the people was figurative, to the end that only those of the right condition of heart might be able to understand, as this was the character of the class that God designed should be accorded the honor of reigning with Messiah over the earth. To these "it is given to know the Mysteries of the Kingdom."

The message of the great King to the goat class, the Parable proceeds to show, will be, "Depart from Me, ye cursed, into everlasting fire prepared for the Devil and his angels." There is a large class of short-sighted people who while thinking that the goats represent an incorrigible class, insist that the fire is real, and not symbolic. But there is an increasingly large class of Bible students who recognize, said Pastor Russell, that "fire" throughout the Bible is used figuratively to represent destruction. He pointed to St. Peter's summing up of the fate of the incorrigibly wicked as follows: "These, as natural brute beasts, made to be taken and destroyed, speak evil of the things that they understand not; and shall utterly perish in their own corruption."—II Peter ii, 12.

PICNIC

The picnic season is rapidly approaching. We wish to announce that we are prepared to print your picnic bills on short notice. Best service at least cost. Did you ever notice that the picnic which was best advertised had the largest attendance, and consequently was the most successful? Come and see us and let us tell you how to advertise your picnic.

THE HARTFORD REPUBLICAN

Hartford, -:- Kentucky.

Yellow Jacket Stingers.

How can Debs explain that the Bull Moose stole all his thunder?

The Bull Moose and Hiram Johnson—humane boys, humrah.

Taft vetoes the cotton bills in order to get the mill men all over the country to vote their labor for him.

The President of the United States has about as much to do with the high cost of living as a rabbit.

"Ho!" See Mat. XIII, 42:50. That's no ice cream proposition, dear reader.

In this muddle of darkness we all wish that November had come and gone.

Say, you gab-foller, has it ever occurred to you that no one ever repeated a scandalous story with a good purpose?

The first symptom that a fellow has begun to breed Socialistic ideas is to hear him commence to quote so and so that he read in the Socialist paper.

The third term doesn't seem to bother the people much, and it may be the thing to do—wait for November.

That was a whole lot of nerve on the part of Lorimer asking the count-

try to pay about \$175,000 expenses of his investigation.

And Champ Clark says he will take the stump for Wilson. He had better leave the stumps and take to golf timber.

Uncle Joe Cannon kicked four feet and seven inches the other day at a little tournament. But Uncle Joe had been kicked harder than that when he held the gavel.

Well, Santa Clause will be along Xmas. By that time all this dirty mess of politics will be over, and The Yellow Jacket hopes its friends will have cooled off, settled down and all hands happy.

The Yellow Jacket is asking for nothing in the coming election and hence we don't give a continental red cent whether we jibe with any of the parties or not. What we want is straight out honesty and fair play. That's our sentiment.

The goose that lays the golden egg isn't on the market. That kind of a goose is like the ships that pass in the night. In fact the goose that lays a golden egg should be arrested for attempting to swindle its nest.

And the recall of judges seems to be quite a fad. If a judge is rotten investigate him and we now have a law that will call him in. Look at Hartford who when getting under fire resigned p. d. q.

The Yellow Jacket isn't attempting any defense of any one who has sopped his grolley. We have been a Republican for a great many years but never before was there such a variety of explanations as to what is Republicanism. It looks like we have all been wrong for the past dozen years or so. Don't it make you dizzy Hiram?

The Yellow Jacket rarely deviates from its discussion of political subjects in order to release a joke, but here is one which is said to have been pulled ripe and juicy right here in our own locality and we don't hesitate to say it can be varnished if necessary. One of our neighbor down dudes who is usually bashful and is counting a young lady of Fifth Avenue, Moravian Puffs, mailed a few afternoons ago to spend the evening with her. While there it commenced raining and the girl's father asked him to remain over night. The next morning when he was invited to a seat at the table and very respectfully accepted. He sat opposite the mirror and discovered that he had forgotten to comb his hair when he dropped his fork on the floor, and as he stooped to pick it up, upset his coffee. Matters went from bad to worse until finally the young man quit eating and put his hands under the table. The goose and the table cloth was lying in his lap and when he touched it he turned pale. He thought it was his shirt, and that in his nervous excitement while dressing he had forgotten to put the garment inside his grousers, that accounted for the smokes and his embarrassment. There was no time to lose.

He hurriedly stuffed the supposed shirt inside his trousers. Two minutes later when the family arose from the table there was a crash. The dishes lay a broken mass on the floor. The young man pulled three feet of the table cloth out of his breeches and fled thru the door. He is now in hiding and the girl is on the look out for a less bashful lover, who can tell his shirt from a table cloth.—From the Yellow Jacket, Moravian Puffs, N. C.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hark's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Famous Recipe of Martha Washington.

Philadelphia, Sept. 6.—Martha Washington's recipe for preserving pears has been brought to light among some unpublished colonial papers in the possession of Mrs. Arvilla McDonough. The recipe is as follows:

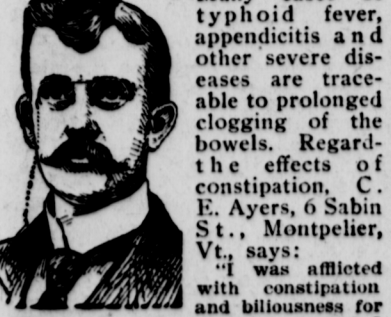
The pears should be very fresh. Wash and put them into boiling lye for a minute. Remove and put them into cold water. Next put the fruit into a prepared syrup of sugar and water. Use a half pound of sugar for every pound of fruit; water to dissolve. Now cook for a quarter of an hour. Remove and put on plates to cool. Boil syrup down to one-half its original quantity. Put syrup and pears into jars and add brandy Seal while hot.

Repels Attack of Death

"Five years ago two doctors told me I had only two years to live." This startling statement was made by Silas Green, Malakate, Col. "They told me I would die with consumption. It was up to me then to try the best lung medicine and I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery. It was well I did, for today I am working and believe I owe my life to this great throat and lung medicine that has created the grave of another victim." It is folly to suffer with coughs, colds or other throat and lung troubles now. Take the cure that's safest. Price 50 cents and \$1.50. Trial bottle free at all druggists.

Constipation, if Neglected, Causes Serious Illness

Constipation, if neglected, leads to almost innumerable complications affecting the general health.



Many cases of typhoid fever, appendicitis and other severe diseases are traceable to prolonged clogging of the bowels. Regarding the effects of constipation, C. E. Ayers, 6 Sabin St., Montpelier, Vt., says: "I was afflicted with constipation and biliousness for years, and at times became so bad I would become unconscious. I have been found in that condition many times. Physicians did not seem to be able to do me any good. I would become weak and for days at a time could do no work. Not long ago I got a box of Dr. Miles' Laxative Tablets, and after using them found I had never tried anything that acted in such a mild and effective manner. I believe I have at last found the remedy that suits my case."

Thousands of people are sufferers from habitual constipation and while possibly realizing something of the danger of this condition, yet neglect too long to employ proper curative measures until serious illness often results. The advice of all physicians is, "keep your bowels clean," and it's good advice. Dr. Miles' Laxative Tablets are sold by all druggists, at 25 cents a box containing 25 doses. If not found satisfactory, your money is returned.

MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

UNSUNG HEROES OF THE DEEP

Engineers do Great Work
on Ship.

Heroism of Titanic's Engineers
Deep in Bowels of the
Vessel.

"The lights were burning all over the ship until shortly before it went down."

This is the testimony of the survivors of the Titanic. It was its engineers who kept the lights burning, and in the list of heroes who went down with the ship, the engineers will have a high place. Not one of them were off duty, and these had some chance of climbing to the deck. While it will never be known just what happened, it is believed that every one went back to his post instead of to the decks.

Engineers stand small chance for life in a sea disaster, and they knew it. It is a tradition that when the engineers on a sinking vessel have done their duty to the last they gather in the engine room, clasp hands while standing about the engines, and so go down with their vessel.

The Titanic's engineers have been overlooked in the bestowal of praise. Besides the engineers of the regular ship's force there were on board twenty guarantee engineers, representing the builders and holders of engineering contracts, and so called because they make the first few trips on a new vessel to see that the machinery comes up to the guarantee. All these were the first to know the desperate nature of the damage to the Titanic.

They must have worked at high tension, for they were the first to note the rising of the water, the uselessness of the pumps, and the impossibility of keeping afloat. They had little time for thought, however, for they had to keep the dynamo going, the pumps working, look after the hugehead woods, and keep the smoke hole force at work. Most of them probably died in that last expedition which bore the Titanic under as it went down.

The men were assigned each to his own task. There were hydraulic, electric, pump and steam packing men, and besides the regulars the guarantee men were there to lend a hand. It was not a duty call that kept the guarantee men below, for they were in no sense part of the crew. The duty of the guarantee engineers is to watch the working of the great engines, see that they are turned up and in working order. They also watch the workings of each part of the machinery which has nothing to do with the actual speed of the vessel, and the electric light dynamo and the refrigerating plant.

The conduct of one man stands out conspicuously, according to the stories told by members of the crew. Archie Frost, builders' chief engineer, representing Harland & Wolff, was not in the engine room when the crash came, but he climbed down the steep iron ladders to the engine and death. When last seen he was there. With him was Thomas Andrews, designer of the Titanic. When the collision came there was no call of duty to keep him from the deck and the only chance of escape, but he would not take that chance. The last time Andrews was seen by anyone alive was in the engine room with Frost and Bell, the Titanic's chief, and all were working too hard, perhaps, to think of the slowly gaining waters.

Every man in the White Star Line is today mourning the loss of bluff, genial William Bell, chief engineer of the Titanic and senior engineer of the line. Bell was about 50 years old and he had spent thirty-six years in the service of the company. He was married and lived in Liverpool. Some of his children are now attending school in Glasgow. It is said of him that he was the best marine engineer in Great Britain and knew more about steam vessels than any other man in his profession. Under him were two second engineers, three third and twelve junior engineers.

Second Senior Engineer Macquarson had been with the company fourteen years, and Second Engineer Hamilton had served sixteen years. Although a young man, Intermediate Second Engineer Harry Hasketh had seen sixteen years of service. He began the practice of his profession with the White Star Line and had never served in any other. The junior engineers, "the kids," they called them, on shipboard, each one a more lad, proved themselves men, indeed for they stuck to their work and went down with the ship.

"It is seldom that an engineer is saved in the wreck of a great vessel," said the Rev. G. McPherson Hunter, secretary of the American Seamen's Friendly Society who is said to be the

only clergyman in the country holding the certificate of a chief engineer. "Their conduct calls for the same kind of bravery which is exhibited by the skipper, who stands on the bridge and goes down with the ship. When the call of danger comes their duty is down in the bottom of the vessel instead of up on deck. In the case of the Titanic it is impossible to estimate how many lives were saved by their faithfulness. How many would have perished who are now saved had the lights on that great liner gone out. The engineers kept them burning almost to the last minute.

"The engineers were not deceived by false hope. They were in a position to know how badly the vessel was injured. They worked in an uncertainty which must have been maddening. On deck the crew and passengers could see what was going on. Down in the engine room they could not tell how the work of lowering the boats was progressing. They had no chance and they must have known it."

The Rev. Mr. Hunter's theory is that the engineers off duty went to the assistance of those working, and it was the blessing of hard work which kept them from thinking.

They did not hear the captain's last word as the vessel began to sink that duty done, every man must take care of himself. Even if they had they would never have been able to climb up steep iron ladders before they could reach the deck. It was ninety feet from the water line to the boat deck, and they were thirty-two feet below that.

"They died like men," said Mr. Hunter, "and their bravery seems to have been overlooked. It can be said of them that like the higher officers, they stuck to their posts, until death."—New York Times.

Nineteen Miles a Second

Without a jar, shock or disturbance, is the awful speed of our earth through space. We wonder at such ease of nature's movement and so do those who take Dr. King's New Life Pills. No gripping, no distress, just thorough work that brings good health and fine feelings. 50c at all druggists.

Stumped.

I used to think
It was a snap
To hold a baby
On my lap.
I never knew
That it's an art,
Reserved for but
The ultra-smart.
I paid no great
Attention to it,
I thought that
And dad could do it.

But yesterday
I volunteered
To let a baby
Tug my beard
As confident
As man can be,
I took the infant
On my knee.

At once the little
Baboon howled,
The while its mother
Grimly scowled.

"Support its back,"
My good wife cried,
"Keep one hand
Always at its side."
"Don't be so rough,"
Another said;
"Be careful how
You hold its head!
Don't squeeze it so,
Give it to me
If you can't hold
It properly."

They hurried advice
From every side,
But wrong was
Everything I tried.
Until at last
I gave it back
And grabbed my hat
And left the shack.
Take it from me,
It is no snap
To hold a baby
On your lap!—Ex.

POND RUN.

Sept. 11.—The program meeting closed at 10:15 p.m. Wednesday night with two additions to the church.

Mrs. Linda Cummings is visiting at Centertown at this writing.

Miss Pearl Brown, of McHenry, is the guest of Mr. Luther Brown's family.

Miss Katie Russell is very ill at this writing.

Misses Novella Kuykendall and Mary Humphrey, of Mountaintown are visiting Misses Rhoda and Maggie Williams.

Miss Katie Buckell, of Tennessee, is visiting at Mr. S. C. Hunter's.

Several from here attended the picnic at Shultztown Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Brown returned home from a short visit at McKenneyville last week.

Miss Maggie Taylor was the guest of Misses Lizzy and George Moore last week.

Mrs. N. J. Russell, who has been ill for some time, is better.

Mr. and Mrs. Layton Williams spent Sunday at Mr. Clayton Brown's.

HUMAN TOOLCHEST EATS METAL ON BETS

Nineteen Knives, Seventeen Nails
Dozen Screws And Silver
Dollar What he Etc.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—When physicians operated on John Martiner at the Court Hospital today to learn what had caused "terrible pains in his stomach," they found nineteen pocket knives, seventeen nails, five knife blades, a dozen screws and a silver dollar.

For eighteen years, Martiner, who has been known to Chicagoans as "the human toolchest," swallowed the articles on wagers.

"Eating knives and all that stuff never hurt me," said Martiner before the operation, "but sometimes I'd get terrible pains in my stomach."

Physicians pronounced the operation as successful. Martiner is 36 years old, and is employed as a laborer.

The pocketknives, screws and other articles removed from Martiner's stomach were mounted on card board by Superintendent T. P. Teters, of the hospital, and placed on exhibition at the institution.

"All of the articles were lodged in a corner of the stomach," said the surgeon who operated on Martiner. "An ulcer had formed and the man would have died within a month if he had not been operated upon."

Ten of the knives from Martiner's stomach had been bone-handled, but the bone had been dissolved by the gastric juices.

The silver dollar that Martiner swallowed ten years ago was as bright as if the coin had just come from the mint. The juices of the stomach had kept the silver in a highly polished condition. Some of the knife-blades were rusty.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

In the district court of the United States, for the western district of Kentucky, Owensboro division.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

In the matter of Claude Wilson, a Bankrupt.

In this 7th day of Sept., A. D., 1912, on considering the petition of the aforesaid bankrupt for discharge, filed on the 5th day of Sept., A. D., 1912, it is ordered by the court that a hearing be had upon the same on the 13th day of October, A. D., 1912, before said court at Federal Court Hall, at Louisville, Ky., in said district at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, or as near thereto as possible, and that notice thereof be published one time in Hartford Republican, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

WITNESS the Honorable Walter Evans, Judge of said Court and the seal thereof, at Owensboro, Kentucky, in said district, on the 7th day of Sept., A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. G. RONALD, Clerk.
M. E. DUNN, Deputy Clerk.

The implicit confidence that many people have in Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is founded on their experience in the use of that remedy and their knowledge of the many remarkable cures of colic, diarrhoea and dysentery that it has effected. For sale by all dealers.

The Official Heads men.

The state prison commission officially announces a number of new appointments, not to fill vacancies caused by death, resignation or incompetency but because of the demand of those legislators who supported the present bill, the purpose of which was to take the prisons out of politics. Many of the disappointed we recognize as old-timers who have done the state much and service for mighty little pay. The newcomers are, of course, acquaintances of ours, because they got into the political game after a bunch of us got out.

In the natural course of things men lose jobs, but the most precarious of all jobs is the one that depends on political pull. For instance, there was Deputy Warden Mack Pykhan, who got severed from his job. The game was when Mack could get half the politicians of Frankfort and Louisville to go at their own expense to the department to see that he kept his place. Mack has evidently lost his right foot because he was a good official.

We also notice that George Ingram has lost out at Edyville. George got his pull from the powers at Frankfort. Clearly somebody has been found who can better carry George's punch.

Now, the whole subject of prison management is based upon an intelligent and economical administration of the reformatory affairs, having due regard to the rights of the inmates and the hygiene of the institutions. The prisons are no houses of refuge. We look

up our undesirable citizens because we want freedom ourselves. It is necessary to have wardens, guards, gangers, teachers, chaplains and clerks, because the state undertakes to see that there is proper care and discipline of the convicts. But the tenure of these men should rest upon something more substantial than the vote and the influence of member of the legislature. There was a demand for the disjunctment of the prisons from politics in the last Democratic platform, and in furtherance of that plan the appointment of prison commissioners was given over to the governor. If he would be as noble in carrying out that plank as he was in others, he would call a halt on his commissioners, who are paying off political debts.—Bowling Green Messenger.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Special Train to Louisville.

Special Train Morgantown, Ky., to Louisville and Return September 11 and 15. Special train will be operated on above date from Morgantown, Ky., to Louisville via M. H. & E. and L. H. & St. L. on following schedule and prices for the round trip. Leave Morgantown 10:30 p. m. Sept. 14th.

Leave Centertown 5:20 a. m., Sept. 15, Fare, 1.75.

Leave Hartford 3:40 a. m. Fare 1.75.

Leave Dundee 4:30 a. m. Fare 1.50.

Leave Elmhurst 5:05 a. m. Fare 1.25.

Arrive Louisville 10th and Broadway Sunday 9:05 a. m.

Train returning leaves Louisville, 10th and Broadway Sunday night Sept. 15th at 8:00 p. m. sharp.

H. E. MISCHKE, Agent.

Notice to Committee.

The Progressive Committee of Ohio county is called to meet at the court house in Hartford, Saturday morning September 11, at 10:30, for the purpose of selecting campaign committee and transacting other business.

W. S. TINSLEY, Temp. Chairman.

Teachers Meeting Program.

Educational Division No. 6, Rockport, Ky., Saturday, September 22.

1. Opening Exercises—Arranged by Ozma Shultz.

2. Address by President, relative to the scope of the work of the Ass'n.

3. Teach a lesson from the third reader illustrating what should be gotten out of it.—Mrs. Alice Baskett.

4. Relation of the school to the parents, and how to secure co-operation helpful to both parties.—O. O. Williams.

5. General discussion of No. 4 by the Association.

INTERMISSION.

6. Child study, its application to school work.—J. C. Jackson.

7. Reading, my method with beginners.—Miss Cora Smith.

8. Causes of disorder, sources of good order.—A. H. Ross.

NOON INTERMISSION.

1. Instincts ripening from ages ten to twelve, and games appropriate to them.—George Montgomery.

2. What is my school doing to promote the business of its community?—Clarence Royal.

3. General discussion of the above topic by the association.

4. The Use of the school building for other than actual public school purposes.—Clarence Allen.

5. A roll call of the members on the question, what do you intend to do for a school library or other school improvements this year?

6. Opening Exercises—Discussion by Miss Lula Loyd.

7. The Interests and the problems of this educational division—a round table discussion, led by the President.

8. Some things that may be accomplished by a year in school—Ozma Shultz.

9. General announcements and business.

Important Notice to Subscribers.

The Republican has received notice from the Third Assistant Postmaster General calling our attention to the postal regulations in regard to subscriptions, in effect that no papers can be sent through the mail as second-class matter to subscribers who are more than one year in arrears.

This means that we must collect the subscriptions or discontinue the paper. It is not a question of whether we are willing to extend credit to our subscribers or not.

We must comply with the postal regulations, therefore can not extend subscribers credit for more than one year no matter what their financial standing may be.

Statements are being sent to all subscribers one year or more in arrears and we hope they will make prompt remittance.

Unless this is done we must take their names off our list.

Stopping the papers does not in any way release the subscribers from responsibility of back dues, therefore, if you do not want us to continue sending you The Republican permit what is already due and we will stop the paper.

It's Always Raining In London--They Say

And maybe that's the reason the finest
of RAIN COATS are made over
there. We are offering

English Rubberized Rain Coats

FINEST QUALITY SILK FINISHED

For One Week at

\$4.48

Beginning Saturday, the 14th
And Ending Saturday, the 21st.

**DON'T WAIT 'TILL IT
RAINS TO GET YOURS**

ROSENBLATT

In Connection With S. Rosenblatt,
Hawesville, Ky.

HARTFORD, KY.



Listen!
Learn to dress well.
It will Pay you.

The most important lesson a young man can learn is to dress well. Back-up a good education with a "good front," and you will surely march to success.

We back-up the good, ALL-WOOL clothing we sell with our good money and our good reputation.

We know the clothing business, because we have studied the clothing business. We know how to "pick out" styles and "pick-up" the best values the market offers. This is why we can offer the best clothing values sold in this city.

CARSON & CO.

INCORPORATED.

Hartford, Kentucky.